BENCHMARK REGULATION (BMR)

Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and the Council **on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts** (the "Regulation")

1. Overview

Objectives

The Regulation aims to:

- ensure benchmarks produced or used in the EU are robust and reliable
- · restore confidence in benchmarks
- protect consumers and investors through greater transparency
- improve governance and controls over the benchmark process

Scope

An Index is any figure i) published or "made available to the public" (i.e. accessible by a potentially indeterminate number of recipients) and ii) regularly determined

A benchmark is:

 Any index by reference to which the amount payable under an instrument/contract, or the value of an instrument, is determined,

or

2. An index that is used to **measure the performance** of an investment fund

Benchmark categories

Benchmark are classified as:

• Critical benchmarks (e.g. - ibor)

Benchmarks used for financial instruments, contracts and performance of investment funds having a total value of at least EURO 500bn, and meeting qualitative criteria such as location of contributors and importance of the benchmark in the country where a majority of contributors is located

Significant benchmarks

Benchmarks used for financial instruments, contracts and performance of investment funds having a total value of at least EUR 50bn over a period of six months, and meeting qualitative criteria such as the benchmark has no reliable substitute, and its absence would lead to market disorder

Non-significant benchmarks

Benchmarks that do not fulfill the conditions set for critical or significant benchmarks

Entities

BMR introduces obligations for benchmark Administrator, Benchmark Contributors and Benchmark Users:

- Benchmark Administrator: supervised entities which:
- 1. Administer the arrangements **determining** the benchmark
- 2. Collect and analyse the input data
- 3. Determine the rate of the benchmark
- 4. Significant benchmarks
- Benchmark Contributors: entities providing any input data required in connection with the determination of a benchmark, and is provided for that purpose
- Benchmark Users: any legal or natural person which:
- 1. Issue an instrument/contract referencing an index/indices

- 2. Be a party to a contract referencing an index/indices
- 3. Determine an instrument / contract payable amount by referencing an index/indices
- 4. Provide a borrowing rate calculated as a spread or mark-up over an index/indices used as a reference in a contract to which the creditor is a party
- 5. Measure fund performance through an index/indices

Main obligations for Benchmark Administrators

In terms of methodology:

- Develop a transparent methodology for determining benchmarks
- Prefer transactional data and publish a clear code of conduct related to input data and exercises of expert judgment
- Establish measures to monitor and validate input data
- Publish a procedure on the actions to be taken in case of changes to or cessation of benchmark

> In terms of governance:

- Apply for registration to NCA and apply for benchmarks registration at ESMA
- · Set up robust governance arrangements
- Publish existing/potential conflicts of interests to users and NCA and set up an adequate conflicts of interest
 policy
- Store records for at least 5 years (such as methodology, any changes to this methodology)
- Put in place procedures for employees to report infringements

Main obligations for Benchmark Contributors

- Adhere to administrator's code of conduct of input data (use of robust technology and sufficient and accurate information)
- Contribute input data for the determination of critical benchmarks on a mandatory basis under the NCA's request
- · Meet governance and control rules, avoid conflicts of interest

Main obligations for Benchmark Users

- No use of unregulated benchmarks
- Ensure that prospectuses issued state if the benchmark is included in ESMA's register
- Prepare contingency plans to anticipate any benchmark changes, cessation or withdrawal/suspension, and reflect those plans in legacy and new contractual documentations with clients

2. Chronology of events: key dates

- ✓ 29 June 2016: Publication in EU Official Journal
- √ 01 January 2018: Entry into application, with a transition period ending 01 January 2022 for critical benchmarks and for third-countries benchmarks, and 01 January 2020 for other benchmarks

3. Reference text

Text has been published in the Official of the EU on 29 June 2016

Link: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32016R1011&from=EN

SGSS/IMP/SIR:

Marie-Claire de Saint-Exupery