



BMR

BENCHMARK REGULATION

What is Benchmark Regulation (BMR)?

A framework to ensure the accuracy and integrity of benchmarks produced or used in the EU

An index is any figure published or "made available to the public" and regurlarly determined

A benchmark is:

- Any index by reference to which the amount payable under an instrument/contracts, or the value of an instrument, is determined
- or
- An index that is used to measure the performance of an investment fund
- **Aims of BMR**: restore confidence in benchmarks and protect consumers and investors through greater transparency
- Scope of entities :
 - Benchmark Administrators
 - Benchmark Contributors
 - Benchmark EU-supervised Users

- BMR introduces obligations for benchmarks Administrators, Contributors and Users notably on:
 - conflict of interest management
 - governance and controls over the benchmark-setting process, methodologies using sufficient, accurate and representative data
- Categories of benchmarks: critical, significant or non-significant (depending on the extent of their use)

Transition period:

BMR regulation applied from 1rst January 2018, with a transition period ending 1rst January 2022 (for critical benchmarks and for 3rd-countries benchmarks), and 1rst January 2020 for other benchmarks







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Updated on 30 June 2020

STATEMENT

- Key Obligations for Administrators:
 - Methodology: develop a transparent methodology, prefer transactional data and publish code of conduct regarding input data, publish a procedure in case of changes/cessation of a benchmark
 - Governance: apply for registration to NCA and apply for benchmarks registration at ESMA, put in place robust governance, publish existing/potential conflicts of interests, set up conflicts of interest policy
- Key Obligations for Contributors:
 - Meet administrator's code of conduct of input data
 - Meet governance and control rules
- Key Obligations for Users:
 - No use of unregulated benchmarks
 - Ensure that prospectus issued state that the benchmark is included in ESMA's register
 - Establish contingency plans to anticipate a benchmark changes or ceases to exist and reflect those plans in legacy and new contractual documentation with clients in order to manage IBOR transition

FOR YOUR CONSIDERATION

- ☐ BMR is going to happen in parallel with IBOR transition, the transition to the alternative "Risk Free Rates"
- □ The €STR has first been published on 2 October 2019. The EONIA, however, continue to be published in the form of an €STR "tracker" until 3 January 2022, but it is now published on D+1 (at 9.15 am)
- □ 11 October 2019: European Commission launched a consultation on Benchmark Regulation review, answers were due on 6 December 2019
- □ 9 March 2020: ESMA launched a consultation on Draft Regulatory Standards under the Benchmark Regulation, answer on 8 June 2020.

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If you want to know more, refer to Fiche BMR to know more

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