

EMIR 3

Updated in March 2024



NEW REVIEW OF EMIR (REGULATION ON OTC DERIVATIVES AND CCPS)

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REGULATORY EVOLUTION

- The active account: Financial and non-financial counterparties subject to the clearing obligation (FC+ and NFC+) will be required to clear a portion of the products that have been identified by ESMA as of substantial systemic importance through active accounts at EU CCPs
- FC+/FC- & NFC+/NFC- rules: only those derivative contracts that are not cleared at a CCP authorised under article 14 (EU CCPs) or recognised under article 25 (third country CCPs) should be included in the calculation of the position towards the thresholds
- UCITS and MMF: derivatives transactions centrally cleared by a CCP will not count in the counterparty risk limits
- CCP's supervision: cooperation between authorities as well as the role of ESMA are reinforced
- Third country (TC) CCPs: more proportionate cooperation arrangements tailored depending on the jurisdiction. On the other hand, the requirements are reinforced for Tier 2 CCPs

FOCAL POINTS

- o The requirement applies only for a specific scope of OTC derivatives
- This a clarification of the EMIR Refit rules
- The condition is to have a CCP recognized or authorized; this addresses an old topic (raised in 2015)
- o Creation of Joint Supervisory Teams, of a Joint Monitoring Mechanism ...
- The less strict requirements for Tier 1 CCPs would help the recognition process



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STATEMENT

- o The EC's proposal is made of 2 texts: one regulation amending EMIR but also MMFR and CRR and one directive amending UCITS, CRD and IFD
- The EC has issued its proposal end of 2022
- The ESRB (European Systemic Risk Board) has already issued comments
- December 2023: The Parliament has voted its own version of the text
- February 2024: political agreement reached by EP and the Council

FOR YOUR CONSIDERATION

- The main point of attention clearly will be the "active account" and all the criteria to determine which portion of activity will need to be at an EU
 CCP
- o The proposal aims at making the clearing in the EU more attractive; thus, the measures proposed may be beneficial for financial sector participants as well as for CCPs
- The role of ESMA is a key point in EMIR 3
- o TC CCPs: to see if under the new rules, the 6 Indian CCPs would have not been derecognized

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If you want to know more, refer to Fiche To Know More

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